

# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2017 REGULAR SESSION**

**Introduced**

### **House Bill 2435**

BY DELEGATE WALTERS (SOLE SPONSOR-  
RESIGNED 3/7/18)

[Introduced February 14, 2017; Referred  
to the Committee on Industry and Labor then the  
Judiciary.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §21A-6-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating  
2 to the disqualification of an employee for unemployment benefits for any week, or portion  
3 of a week, in which he or she left or lost his or her job as a result of a strike.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

1 That §21A-6-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and  
2 reenacted to read as follows:

## **ARTICLE 6. APPEALS.**

### **§21A-6-3. Disqualification for benefits.**

1 Upon the determination of the facts by the commissioner, an individual is disqualified for  
2 benefits:

3 (1) For the week in which he or she left his or her most recent work voluntarily without  
4 good cause involving fault on the part of the employer and until the individual returns to covered  
5 employment and has been employed in covered employment at least thirty working days.

6 For the purpose of this subdivision, an individual has not left his or her most recent work  
7 voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the part of the employer, if the individual leaves  
8 his or her most recent work with an employer and if he or she in fact, within a fourteen-day  
9 calendar period, does return to employment with the last preceding employer with whom he or  
10 she was previously employed within the past year prior to his or her return to workday, and which  
11 last preceding employer, after having previously employed the individual for thirty working days  
12 or more, laid off the individual because of lack of work, which layoff occasioned the payment of  
13 benefits under this chapter or could have occasioned the payment of benefits under this chapter  
14 had the individual applied for benefits. It is the intent of this paragraph to cause no disqualification  
15 for benefits for an individual who complies with the foregoing set of requirements and conditions.  
16 Further, for the purpose of this subdivision, an individual has not left his or her most recent work  
17 voluntarily without good cause involving fault on the part of the employer, if the individual was  
18 compelled to leave his or her work for his or her own health-related reasons and notifies the

19 employer prior to leaving the job or within two business days after leaving the job or as soon as  
20 practicable and presents written certification from a licensed physician within thirty days of leaving  
21 the job that his or her work aggravated, worsened or will worsen the individual's health problem.

22 (2) For the week in which he or she was discharged from his or her most recent work for  
23 misconduct and the six weeks immediately following that week; or for the week in which he or she  
24 was discharged from his or her last thirty-day employing unit for misconduct and the six weeks  
25 immediately following that week. The disqualification carries a reduction in the maximum benefit  
26 amount equal to six times the individual's weekly benefit. However, if the claimant returns to work  
27 in covered employment for thirty days during his or her benefit year, whether or not the days are  
28 consecutive, the maximum benefit amount is increased by the amount of the decrease imposed  
29 under the disqualification; except that:

30 If he or she were discharged from his or her most recent work for one of the following  
31 reasons, or if he or she were discharged from his or her last thirty days employing unit for one of  
32 the following reasons: Gross misconduct consisting of willful destruction of his or her employer's  
33 property; assault upon the person of his or her employer or any employee of his or her employer;  
34 if the assault is committed at the individual's place of employment or in the course of employment;  
35 reporting to work in an intoxicated condition, or being intoxicated while at work; reporting to work  
36 under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter sixty-a of this code without  
37 a valid prescription, or being under the influence of any controlled substance, as defined in said  
38 chapter without a valid prescription, while at work; adulterating or otherwise manipulating a  
39 sample or specimen in order to thwart a drug or alcohol test lawfully required of an employee;  
40 refusal to submit to random testing for alcohol or illegal controlled substances for employees in  
41 safety sensitive positions as defined in section two, article one-d, chapter twenty-one of this code;  
42 arson, theft, larceny, fraud or embezzlement in connection with his or her work; or any other gross  
43 misconduct, he or she is disqualified for benefits until he or she has thereafter worked for at least  
44 thirty days in covered employment: *Provided*, That for the purpose of this subdivision, the words

45 "any other gross misconduct" includes, but is not limited to, any act or acts of misconduct where  
46 the individual has received prior written warning that termination of employment may result from  
47 the act or acts.

48 (3) For the week in which he or she failed without good cause to apply for available,  
49 suitable work, accept suitable work when offered, or return to his or her customary self-  
50 employment when directed to do so by the commissioner, and for the four weeks which  
51 immediately follow for such additional period as any offer of suitable work shall continue open for  
52 his or her acceptance. The disqualification carries a reduction in the maximum benefit amount  
53 equal to four times the individual's weekly benefit amount.

54 ~~(4) For a week in which his or her total or partial unemployment is due to a stoppage of~~  
55 ~~work which exists because of a labor dispute at the factory, establishment or other premises at~~  
56 ~~which he or she was last employed, unless the commissioner is satisfied that he or she: (1) Was~~  
57 ~~not participating, financing or directly interested in the dispute; and (2) did not belong to a grade~~  
58 ~~or class of workers who were participating, financing or directly interested in the labor dispute~~  
59 ~~which resulted in the stoppage of work. No disqualification under this subdivision is imposed if the~~  
60 ~~employees are required to accept wages, hours or conditions of employment substantially less~~  
61 ~~favorable than those prevailing for similar work in the locality, or if employees are denied the right~~  
62 ~~of collective bargaining under generally prevailing conditions, or if an employer shuts down his or~~  
63 ~~her plant or operation or dismisses his or her employees in order to force wage reduction, changes~~  
64 ~~in hours or working conditions. For the purpose of this subdivision if any stoppage of work~~  
65 ~~continues longer than four weeks after the termination of the labor dispute which caused stoppage~~  
66 ~~of work, there is a rebuttable presumption that part of the stoppage of work which exists after a~~  
67 ~~period of four weeks after the termination of the labor dispute did not exist because of the labor~~  
68 ~~dispute; and in that event the burden is upon the employer or other interested party to show~~  
69 ~~otherwise~~ Upon the determination of the facts by the commissioner, an individual is disqualified  
70 for benefits for any week or portion thereof in which he or she did not work as a result of: a strike

71 or other bona fide labor dispute which caused him or her to leave or lose his or her employment;

72 (5) For a week with respect to which he or she is receiving or has received:

73 (a) Wages in lieu of notice;

74 (b) Compensation for temporary total disability under the workers' compensation law of  
75 any state or under a similar law of the United States; or

76 (c) Unemployment compensation benefits under the laws of the United States or any other  
77 state.

78 (6) For the week in which an individual has voluntarily quit employment to marry or to  
79 perform any marital, parental or family duty, or to attend to his or her personal business or affairs  
80 and until the individual returns to covered employment and has been employed in covered  
81 employment at least thirty working days: *Provided*, That an individual who has voluntarily quit  
82 employment to accompany a spouse serving in active military service who has been reassigned  
83 from one military assignment to another is not disqualified for benefits pursuant to this subdivision:  
84 *Provided however*, That the account of the employer of an individual who leaves the employment  
85 to accompany a spouse reassigned from one military assignment to another may not be charged.

86 (7) Benefits may not be paid to any individual on the basis of any services, substantially  
87 all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so  
88 participate, for any week which commences during the period between two successive sport  
89 seasons (or similar periods) if the individual performed the services in the first of the seasons (or  
90 similar periods) and there is a reasonable assurance that the individual will perform the services  
91 in the later of the seasons (or similar periods).

92 (8) (a) Benefits may not be paid on the basis of services performed by an alien unless the  
93 alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time the services  
94 were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of performing the services or was permanently  
95 residing in the United States under color of law at the time the services were performed (including  
96 an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions

97 of Section 203(a)(7) or Section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act): *Provided*, That  
98 any modifications to the provisions of Section 3304(a)(14) of the federal Unemployment Tax Act  
99 as provided by Public Law 94-566 which specify other conditions or other effective date than  
100 stated in this subdivision for the denial of benefits based on services performed by aliens and  
101 which modifications are required to be implemented under state law as a condition for full tax  
102 credit against the tax imposed by the federal Unemployment Tax Act are applicable under the  
103 provisions of this section.

104 (b) Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine  
105 whether benefits are not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required  
106 from all applicants for benefits.

107 (c) In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be  
108 approved, no determination that benefits to the individual are not payable because of his or her  
109 alien status may be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.

110 (9) For each week in which an individual is unemployed because, having voluntarily left  
111 employment to attend a school, college, university or other educational institution, he or she is  
112 attending that school, college, university or other educational institution, or is awaiting entrance  
113 thereto or is awaiting the starting of a new term or session thereof, and until the individual returns  
114 to covered employment.

115 (10) For each week in which he or she is unemployed because of his or her request, or  
116 that of his or her duly authorized agent, for a vacation period at a specified time that would leave  
117 the employer no other alternative but to suspend operations.

118 (11) In the case of an individual who accepts an early retirement incentive package, unless  
119 he or she: (i) Establishes a well-grounded fear of imminent layoff supported by definitive objective  
120 facts involving fault on the part of the employer; and (ii) establishes that he or she would suffer a  
121 substantial loss by not accepting the early retirement incentive package.

122 (12) For each week with respect to which he or she is receiving or has received benefits

123 under Title II of the Social Security Act or similar payments under any Act of Congress, or  
124 remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement pay from a base period  
125 employer or chargeable employer or from any trust or fund contributed to by a base period  
126 employer or chargeable employer or any combination of the above, the weekly benefit amount  
127 payable to the individual for that week shall be reduced (but not below zero) by the prorated  
128 weekly amount of those benefits, payments or remuneration: *Provided*, That if the amount of  
129 benefits is not a multiple of \$1, it shall be computed to the next lowest multiple of \$1: *Provided*,  
130 *however*, That there is no disqualification if in the individual's base period there are no wages  
131 which were paid by the base period employer or chargeable employer paying the remuneration,  
132 or by a fund into which the employer has paid during the base period: *Provided further*, That  
133 notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision to the contrary, the weekly benefit amount  
134 payable to the individual for that week may not be reduced by any retirement benefits he or she  
135 is receiving or has received under Title II of the Social Security Act or similar payments under any  
136 Act of Congress. A claimant may be required to certify as to whether or not he or she is receiving  
137 or has been receiving remuneration in the form of an annuity, pension or other retirement pay  
138 from a base period employer or chargeable employer or from a trust fund contributed to by a base  
139 period employer or chargeable employer.

140 (13) For each week in which and for fifty-two weeks thereafter, beginning with the date of  
141 the decision, if the commissioner finds the individual who within twenty-four calendar months  
142 immediately preceding the decision, has made a false statement or representation knowing it to  
143 be false or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase any benefit or payment  
144 under this article: *Provided*, That disqualification under this subdivision does not preclude  
145 prosecution under section seven, article ten of this chapter.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to provide for the disqualification of an employee for unemployment benefits for any week, or portion of a week in which he or she left or lost his or her job as a result of a strike.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.